Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune

Proposed Syllabus in History for SYBA (Credit System) form the Academic Year 2020-2021

Under the Faculty of Humanities

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC 1A) – (2 Credits)

Semester III-2) Art and Architecture of Early India (From 3000 B.C. to 12th Century A.D.)

Course Objectives:

- 1. This paper is designed to introduce the students to the emergence and development of art and architecture in early India.
- 2. It will enable students to understand the process of development of art and architecture in the early Indian history on the socio-religious and economic background.
- 3. It will get students acquainted with the emergence and changes in the styles of the art and architecture during the early India up to the 6th century B.C.E.

Course Outcome:

- 1. Students will get an overall understanding of the emergence and development of the art and architecture in Early India.
- 2. They will understand the emergence of the Pottery, Terracotta figures, Ornaments, Town Planning, preparation of seals and coins.
- 3. They will have an understanding of the art and architecture in early India.

Course Content:

Unit I Pre-Mauryan and Mauryan Art and Architecture

10

- The Indus Valley: Urban Planning, Great Bath, Seals, Dancing Girl
- b) Mauryan Period: Stupa, Ashokan Pillars, Caves, Pottery, Coins

Unit II Post-Mauryan Art and Architecture

05

- a) Rock-Cut Architecture
- Stupas, Chaityas, Vihars and Temples

Unit III Gupta and Harsha's Times

05

- a) Gandhar Style
- b) Mathura Style
- c) Temples

- a) Rock-Cut Architecture: Ajanta, Ellora
- b) Temple Architecture: Nagar Style, Dravid Style.

References:

- Acharya, Prasanna Kumar, Ed. An Encyclopedia of Hindu Architecture: Manasara Series, Vol. VII, Bombay, 1946.
- Bhattacharya, Tarapada, The Canons of Indian Art or A Study of Vastuvidya, Calcutta., 1963.
- 3. Brown, Percy, Indian Architecture, 2 Vols., Bombay, 1959.
- 4. Dutt, B. B. Town planning in Ancient India, Delhi, 1929.
- 5. Fergusso, J. History of Indian and Eastern Architecture, 2 Vols, Delhi, 1967.
- 6. Gangoly, O. C. Indian Architecture, Bombay, 1946.
- 7. Govt. of India Publications Division, 5000 Years of Indian Architecture, Delhi, 1960.
- 8. Havell, E. B. Indian Architecture, New Delhi, 1972,
- 9. Havell, E. B. The Ancient and Medival Architecture of India: A Study of Indo-Aryan Civilisation, New Delhi, 1972.
- 10. Kramrisch, Stella, The Hindu Temple, 2 Vols., Delhi, 1980.
- 11. Nilsson, Sten, European Architecture in India, 1750-1850, London, 1968.
- 12. Rowland, B. Art and Architecture of India, Baltimore, 1959.
- 13. Soundara Rajan, K. V. *Indian Temple Styles: The Personality of Hindu Architecture*, New Delhi, 1972
- 14. Kramrisch, Stella, The Hindu Temple, 2 Vols., Delhi, 1980.
- 15. Nilsson, Sten, European Architecture in India, 1750-1850, London, 1968.
- 16. Rowland, B. Art and Architecture of India, Baltimore, 1959.
- Soundara Rajan, K. V. Indian Temple Styles: The Personality of Hindu Architecture, New Delhi, 1972

Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune

Proposed Syllabus in History for SYBA (Credit System) form the Academic Year 2020-2021

Under the Faculty of Humanities

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC 2B) – (2 Credits)

Semester IV-6) Medieval Indian Arts and Architecture (1206 To 1857)

Course Objectives:

- 1. This paper is designed to introduce the students to the Art and Architecture during the Medieval India.
- 2. It will enable students to understand the impact of the Persia on the Mughal Art and Architecture.
- 3. It will get students acquainted with the development of Indo-Persian style of Painting.

Course Outcome:

- 1. Students will get an overall understanding of the development of the Medieval Art and Architecture.
- 2. They will understand the changing patterns of the Art and Architecture during the Medieval India.
- 3. They will have an understanding of the impact of Persian Art on Islamic Art and Architecture in Medieval India.

Course Content:

Unit I Sultanate Art & Architecture

10

Í

- a) Arcuate Technique (Arches domes)
- b) Qubbat-ul-Islam Mosque
- c) Tomb of Iltumish
- d) Qutbminar
- e) Alai Darwaza

Unit II Deccan Art & Architecture

05

- a) Bahamani
- b) Vijaynagar (Hampi)

- a) Qila-i-Kuhna Mosque
- b) Tombs (Hasan Sur and Sher Shah)

Unit IV Mughal Art & Architecture

12

- a) Akbar: The Tomb of Humayan, Agra Fort, Fatchpur Sikri, Allahabad and Lahor forts
- b) Jahangir: Sikandara, Tomb of Itmad-ud-Daula
- c) Shahjahan: The Taj Mahal, Red Fort, Jama Masjid
- d) Mughal Paintings
- e) Regional Art & Architecture

Reference Books:

- 1) Percy Brown: Indian Architecture (Islamic period), Mumbai 1997
- 2) Percy Brown: Indian Painting, New Delhi, 1965
- 3) R.Nath: History of Sultanate Architecture, Delhi, 1978
- 4) Catherine B. Asher: The New Cambridge History of India, Mughal Architecture.
- 5) Satish Grover: The Architecture of India (Islamic Period) Delhi,1981
- 6) Ebba Koch: The Mughal Architecture: An outline of its History and Development, Primus Books, Delhi,2014
- 7) S.P.Verma: Art and Material Culture in the Paintings of AkbarsCourt, Delhi 1978
- 8) K.Khandalwal: Documents on Indian Painting, Bombay 1969
- 9) M.C.Beach: The Cambridge History of India: Mughal and Rajput Paintings, Cambridge University Press1992
- 10) Surendra Sahai : Indian Architecture, Islamic period
- 11) Z.A.Desai : Indo-Islamic Architecture, Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India ,Delhi 1970
- 12) Daljeet: Mughals and Deccan Paintings, From the collection of National Museum, New Delhi1999
- 13) ZiauddinDesai : Indo-Islamic Architecture, Delhi 1970
- 14) SubhashParihar: Some aspect of Indo-Islamic Architecture, Delhi 1999
- 15) Abha Narain Lambah & Alka Patel: The Architecture of the Indian Sultanates, Marg publication, 2006

Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune Proposed Syllabus in History for TYBA (Credit System) Form the Academic Year 2021-2022 Under the Faculty of Humanities Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC 2 C) – (2 Credits)

Semester V: -SEC: 9 Course Title: South Indian Art and Architecture

(From 4th Century A.D. to 12th Century A.D.)

Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint the students, the Arts and Architecture of South India.
- 2. To acquaint the students, the and development of the Arts and Architecture of South India.
- 3. To enable the students to understand the Process of development of the Arts and Architecture of South India.
- 4. To create an interest among the students for the study of Arts and Architecture of South India.

Course Outcomes:

- 1.Students will get an overall understanding of the development of the Art and Architecture in South India.
 - 2. They will understand the changing patterns of the Art and Architecture in South India.
- 3. They will understand the impact of Persian Art on Islamic Art and Architecture in South India

Unit. I- Introduction to Panting

10

- a) Ajanta Painting.
- b) Lipasakhi Painting.

Unit. II - Introduction to Sculpture

10

- a) Mahabalipuram.
- b) Badami

Unit.III- Introduction to Architecture

10

- a) Pattukel ,Velur
- b) Tanjavur, Vesara

Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune Proposed Syllabus in History for TYBA (Credit System) Form the Academic Year 2021-2022 Under the Faculty of Humanities

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC 2 D) – (2 Credits) Semester VI: 13 Course Title: - Archaeology

Course Objectives:

- 1. This paper is designed to introduce the students to the Key Concepts and practical approaches in Archaeology, highlighting their applications in interpreting the Human past.
- 2. It will enable students to understand the definition, aims and scope of Archaeology and its development as a discipline will be introduced to the Students.
- 3. The nature of the Archaeological record and the unique role of science in Archaeology is explained to the students.
- 4. Legislation related to Archaeology and the role of Archaeology in Heritage Management is also discussed in this course.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will learn to understand the definition, aims and scope of Archaeology so as to understand its applications in interpreting the human past.
- 2. They will be able to understand the nature of the archaeological record and the unique role of science in archaeology.
 - 3. They will have an overall understanding of the Archaeology.

Course Content:

10 Unit- I: Definition, Aims and Scope of Archaeology a) Archaeology as the Study of the Past: Definition, Aims, and Scope b) Significance of Archaeology c) Archaeology and History: Differences and Similarities 10 Unit- II: Development of Archaeology in India a) Archaeological Survey of India b) Tata Fundamental Research Institute Mumbai c) Deccan College Pune 10 Unit-III: Value of Archaeology a) Cultural Heritage

b) Monuments